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In addition to the above, we carry a complete stock of machine-made Laces in the most fashionable styles from the narrowest Edgings to the widest Flouncings.

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### Stabbed in Fight Over Rug

Frank Kunz, forty-eight years old, of 57 Howard Avenue, Long Island City, rolled up a hall carpet and began shaking it Saturday afternoon. Chester Zelinski, twenty-six years old, objected

to having the rug shaken in the house. In a quarrel which followed yesterday morning, the police say, Zelinski stabbed Kunz through the heart with a carving knife. Zelinski was arrested on a charge of homicide.

## First State Will Ratify Suffrage Act This Week

**Four Legislatures to Take  
Up Measure at Once, With  
Favorable Vote Forecast;  
Work for 1920 Ballot**

**Kansans Meet Specially**

**Governors From All Sections  
of Nation Predict  
Success of Amendment**

WASHINGTON, June 8.—The legislatures of four states—Illinois, Michigan, Massachusetts and Kansas—will act on the Federal woman suffrage amendment this week.

The race for the honor to be the first to ratify lies among Illinois, Massachusetts and Michigan.

The Governors of twenty states have indicated, in signed statements secured in a canvass by The Tribune, that their states will take up the question and ratify it promptly at the first meeting of the Legislature. Only two states, executives said, there states would probably refuse to ratify.

Only one Legislature—Kansas—so far as has definitely determined to meet in special session solely to ratify the amendment. The Kansas legislators have set an example of gallantry to the woman's cause by accepting the suggestion of Governor Henry J. Allen to meet for a single day's session on Saturday, for ratifying the amendment. They will waive salary and mileage, in token of their devotion to the cause.

**Sessions Within Year**  
The following regular and special sessions are already scheduled for this year or early next:

Ohio—Has convened for an indefinite period. Michigan—Extra session convenes Tuesday. Texas—Extra session convenes June 23.—Georgia—Convenes June 26. Alabama—Meets in July. Louisiana—Possibility of session before September. New Jersey—Rumor there will be extra session soon. Maine—Special session in October. Iowa—Special session in January. Kentucky—Meets in January. South Carolina—Meets in January. Mississippi—Meets in January. Virginia—Meets in February. Maryland—Meets some time in 1920.

An appeal to the Governors of the twenty-eight states where women have full or Presidential suffrage to call special sessions of their legislatures to ratify the amendment was sent by Miss Maud Younger, lobby chairman of the National Woman's Party, today.

A gold star will be placed in the white bar of the National Woman's Party tri-color banner when the first state ratifies. A purple star will represent the second state. Gold and purple stars will alternate thereafter until thirty-six state legislatures have ratified.

**Count on Michigan First**  
Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the National American Woman Suffrage Association, apparently is counting on Michigan to be first to ratify, for she has sent the following telegram to Governor Sleeper:

"Hurrah for Michigan! It will be the first state to ratify the Federal woman suffrage amendment, unless Illinois gets ahead."

Michigan's legislature does not convene until Tuesday, however, while that of Illinois is already in session, and that of Massachusetts meets tomorrow.

Although Massachusetts is not a suffrage state, it probably will ratify the amendment, according to a telegram from Governor Calvin Coolidge to The Tribune, "almost at once and with very little opposition."

Responses from other states show that the amendment will undoubtedly be ratified in 1921, although some show no present inclination to call special sessions, so that thirty-six, the necessary three-fourths of the states, may have ratified before the Presidential elections of 1920. It is toward these states that the energies of the suffrage ratification committees will be directed. With the example of Kansas in holding a special session without expense to the state, the suffrage states like Wyoming and Nevada, which are hesitating, are expected to revise their plans.

**What States Will Do**

Following are the replies received from the Governors of the states asking for a statement in regard to the prospects for ratification before the Presidential election of 1920:

Governor Sleeper, Michigan: "Have wired Secretary of State to hasten certified copy of suffrage amendment, and am advised it is on the way here. The Legislature will meet on Tuesday and will undoubtedly at once ratify."

Governor Coolidge, Massachusetts: "The suffrage amendment will be transmitted to the General Court on Monday. Without knowing what the plans of the members are my judgment is that it will be ratified almost at once and with very little opposition."

Governor Allen, Kansas:

"That the Kansas Legislature will ratify on June 14 national equal suffrage amendment is not subject to much doubt. First responses to the poll now under way are practically unanimous in favor of an extra session which will consider this subject only and complete its work in one day. Kansas legislators are making a voluntary offering to the suffrage cause by waiving salary and mileage. Incident to the special session that it may not be open criticism on the score of expense. Kansas believes that women have demonstrated that society will be bettered and government strengthened by their full participation in its conduct."

Governor Hobby, Texas: "It is planned by the Texas Equal Suffrage Association to urge the Legislature, which meets in special session on June 23, to ratify the suffrage amendment to the Constitution. It is shown by a canvass of members of the House and Senate that the proposition will receive the support of more than the necessary majority."

Governor Harding, Iowa: "Legislature not in session now. Will probably meet in January, 1920. Absolutely no doubt but that Iowa Legis-

lature will ratify woman suffrage amendment to Federal Constitution." Marshall Nelm, Secretary, Georgia: "Legislature convenes June 26. Governor out of city. Will not return for possibly two weeks."

Governor Goodrich, Indiana: "The Indiana Legislature will not meet in regular session until 1921. Present Legislature will ratify if called in special session, but it is not likely that a special session will be called unless assurance is given that enough other states will act favorably to make certain the adoption of the suffrage amendment. In the event this assurance should be given the Legislature of Indiana probably would be called to act on the question."

Governor Beekman, Rhode Island: "Our Legislature will take up the suffrage amendment when it meets next January. I sincerely hope and fully believe that the amendment will be ratified."

Acting Governor Hart, Washington: "Legislature will not convene until January, 1921, unless it is made to appear that ratification of suffrage amendment by Washington Legislature would put amendment into force in time to enfranchise women of the nation prior to the general election of 1920. We will do anything possible to place amendment in operation at as early a date as practicable, but will not call a special session of the Legislature needlessly."

Governor Cooper, South Carolina: "The General Assembly of South Carolina did not discuss equal suffrage at its 1919 session. There is no available straw vote record which would indicate sentiment of this body. Unquestionably popular opposition to equal suffrage has decreased with last few years. I am sure General Assembly will give much attention to this issue at 1920 session, though it will surprise me if proposed amendment is ratified."

Governor Frazier, North Dakota: "Next regular session of the Legislature is in January, 1921. The suffrage amendment will undoubtedly be ratified."

Governor Catts, Florida: "I sent a message to the House and Senate Friday saying that they had the chance of a hundred years in becoming the first state in the Union to adopt the Federal amendment for woman suffrage. This is an indignantly turned down by the solons of this state, who did not seem to appreciate this splendid opportunity. I think the cause was that, being largely anti-Catts men, they did not wish to help in his campaign against Senator Fletcher, who has voted against woman suffrage in Congress. However, whatever the cause may be, they failed to grasp the opportunity which would have added lustre and fame to Florida."

Homestead, Secretary, Nevada: "Governor absent. In interview recently said he had not given thought on possibility of special session, but was loath to call special session for that purpose at present time. Nevada is a suffrage state and glad of it, and certainly will ratify the Federal amendment at biennial session in January, 1921, if not sooner."

Governor Clement, Vermont: "Vermont Legislature will not be elected until November, 1920. Will not convene until January, 1921. Too early to forecast ratification of suffrage amendment."

R. D. Carey, Wyoming: "Wyoming Legislature will not meet until 1921. As Wyoming was the first state to adopt equal suffrage, no question that our Legislature will ratify constitutional amendment. No special session will be called, for the reason that we already have equal suffrage and expense of extra session is not justified, as it would be of no benefit to people of this state."

H. R. Christopher, Secretary, Oklahoma: "Federal suffrage amendment cannot be considered until next session of Legislature, in January, 1921. Action will be favorable. State amendment carried last November and vitelized by recent Legislature."

Governor Sproul, Pennsylvania: "I feel certain that the Constitutional amendment of suffrage will be acted upon by the General Assembly of

Pennsylvania immediately upon receipt of certified copy from the State Department. The adjournment is fixed for June 28, and I think special effort will be made by the friends of woman suffrage to get action during the next two weeks."

**Ohio to Pass On It**

Governor Cox, Ohio:

"The Legislature will meet June 16 and probably will take up the suffrage amendment immediately. My judgment is that the Legislature will ratify amendment."

John L. Carter, Secretary, Arkansas:

"Governor Brough is out of the state, but I am confident the Legislature will take up suffrage amendment with favorable action at regular session in January, 1921, and sooner if any emergency should arise which will necessitate the calling of an extraordinary session. Governor Brough is an ardent supporter of the woman's suffrage movement and was instrumental in making Arkansas the first Southern state to grant partial suffrage to women."

**Quick Action in Illinois**

Governor Lowden, Illinois:

"I expect our Legislature to take up suffrage amendment early next week and ratify it promptly."

Governor Phillips, Wisconsin:

"Woman's suffrage amendment has been received, and will be submitted to the Legislature next Tuesday. It is my judgment that it will be ratified promptly."

George Milnes, Secretary, Arizona:

"Governor Campbell is out of the state, so it is impossible to state whether he will call a special session of the Legislature to ratify Federal suffrage amendment."

William E. Wallace, Secretary, New Hampshire: "The next regular session of the New Hampshire Legislature will be held in January, 1920. Governor Bartlett has announced that he will not call a special session before fall in any event, and his action then will be determined by public demand or the attitude of the Legislatures. The Governor is an advocate of suffrage and believes that ratification should come

## Dr. Karl Muck To Be Sent Back to Germany

**Special Correspondence**  
BOSTON, June 8.—Dr. Karl Muck, former leader of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, who is interned with other enemy aliens at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., will be sent back to Germany, June 15, from Charleston, S. C., according to information received today from the Swiss Embassy in Washington. The German government will pay all the expenses of Muck's journey home.

early enough to enable the women to vote in the next Presidential election. The only indication of the attitude of the present Legislature toward suffrage was given on a vote to instruct Senator Moses to vote for submission of the amendment. The House voted strongly in favor and the Senate voted against. Several Senators declared their vote was purely on the question of instructing Senator Moses and not on the merits of suffrage."

**Plan Fund to Educate**

**Women to Use Ballot**

The Connecticut Woman Suffrage Association will begin a campaign throughout that state today to raise \$100,000 to finance a programme for education in citizenship among the 350,000 women of Connecticut who will vote. The campaign will continue a week, and Mrs. Samuel Russell, jr., of Middletown, chairman of the committee in charge, said that the corps of volunteer canvassers was ready to begin their work this morning.

Prominent men and women of Connecticut have endorsed the suffrage association plan. President Hadley of Yale said:

"Any movement for the purpose of educating any one, whether man or woman, to use the ballot intelligently has my hearty approval."

Some citizens expressed regret that the proposed programme did not include men, but Mrs. Russell explained that the association deemed it best to concentrate on the prospective new citizens, believing that through them the men also may derive benefit.

## Hurley Asks 600 Million to Finish Ships

Continued from page 1

650, which, when subtracted from \$2,861,766,570, leaves \$180 a dead-weight ton as the actual cost to the government of the fleet.

**Offers for Eight Ships**

"We sold one of our 7,500-ton freighters to the National Shipping Corporation of New York for \$210 a dead-weight ton and we have received from the Skinner & Eddy Shipbuilding Corporation an offer to buy at present construction costs four 8,000-ton freighters which the Skinner & Eddy Corporation itself is building. We sold one of our 5,075-ton freighters to the Omega Steamship Company of New York for \$210 a dead-weight ton, and we have received from another firm an offer to buy four ships at the same price."

"In giving this picture of our finances I have confined myself to facts and figures. I have made no mention of the unusual conditions under which our work was planned and carried out. However, it is interesting to note that the cost of our steel and machinery was three times its normal and that the wages we paid to labor were based upon double the normal rate."

**Industry Expanded Tenfold**

"Also, it is interesting to consider in connection with the foregoing figures the fact that we expanded the shipbuilding industry tenfold in ten months with high priced materials and under the handicap of transportation delays which made the work very costly. In the prosecution of our work we have made many blunders, and, finally, when we were compelled by the signing of the armistice, suddenly to stop and reverse the ponderous machinery we had been driving at full speed, we found ourselves confronted with new problems, through the mazes

## French Flier Climbs Up Nearly Six Miles

PARIS, June 8.—Lieutenant Casale, a French aviator, yesterday ascended to a height of 31,168 feet, five and nine-tenths miles, establishing a new world's record for height.

On May 28, Lieutenant Casale ascended 31,000 feet. The previous altitude record in an airplane was made last January by Captain Lang, of the British army, who flew to a height of 30,600 feet.

of which we are happy to report that we can now see our way clearly.

"The inter-relationship of the shipbuilding and ship operating industries is very close, and the unprecedented conditions which the war has imposed upon both of them cannot safely be adjusted to normal without carefully considered action by the government, at whose call they abandoned the normal limitations of commercial organization and adjusted themselves to the abnormal conditions of war. Moreover, the importance of those two great industries to the prosperity of the American people is so great that the necessity for establishing them upon a healthy commercial basis is widely recognized as a prime matter of national policy."

**Lynar Case Up To-day**

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., June 8.—Jonathan D. Wilson, District Attorney of Orange County, announced today that he will move in the county court to-morrow to forfeit the \$10,000 bail of "Count" Max Lynar, alias London, if he does not appear for trial. As the "count" is under arrest in St. Louis, waiting to be extradited and brought East to answer charges in New York City, there is no prospect of the alleged swindler appearing before County Judge Russell Wiggins here. Lynar is accused of having swindled J. D. Delacey, of New Windsor, out of several thousand dollars.

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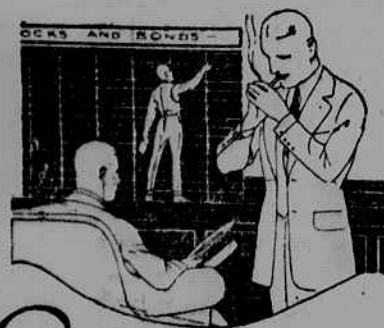
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